



Progressive Education Society's
Modern college of Arts, Science & Commerce,
Ganeshkhind, Pune 16 (Autonomous)
End Semester Examination Oct/Nov 2024
Faculty: Science and Technology

Program: BScGen03	Semester V	SET A
Program(Specific): B.Sc		Course Type:Core
Class: T.Y.B.Sc.(Mathematics)		Max. Marks:35
Name of the Course: Metric Spaces	Course Code: 24-MT 351	
Paper No: I		Time: 2 Hours

Instructions To the Candidates:

1. There are 3 sections in the question paper. Write each section on separate page.
2. All Sections are compulsory.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Draw a well labelled diagram wherever necessary.

SECTION: A

Q.1) Attempt any **five** of the following. [10 marks]

- a) Does $d(x, y) = |\sin(x - y)|$ define a metric on \mathbb{R} ? Justify.
- b) Let X be the discrete metric space and $x \in X$. Find i) $B(x, 1/2)$, ii) $B(x, 2)$.
- c) In \mathbb{R} with usual metric, write closure of i) $(0, 1]$, ii) \mathbb{Q} .
- d) Show that $(0, 1]$ and $[1, \infty)$ are homeomorphic.
- e) Give an example of subset of \mathbb{R} which is connected but not compact.
- f) Find interior of the sets i) $[1, 2)$, ii) \mathbb{Z} in \mathbb{R} with usual metric.
- g) Is arbitrary intersection of open sets open in a metric space? Justify.

SECTION: B

Q.2) Attempt any **three** of the following. [15 marks]

- a) Show that the following set is closed in \mathbb{R}^2 with usual metric.

$$S = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid xy = 0\}$$

- b) If A and B are any subsets of a metric space X .
Show that $\overline{A \cup B} = \overline{A} \cup \overline{B}$
- c) Prove that limit of a sequence in a metric space (X, d) is unique.
- d) Let (X, d) be a metric space. Show that every convergent sequence in X is a Cauchy sequence.

- e) Let A and B be two connected subsets of X with the property that $A \cap B \neq \emptyset$ then prove that $A \cup B$ is connected

SECTION: C

Q.3) Attempt any **one** of the following. [10 marks]

- a) Let (X, d) be a metric space. Define

$$\delta(x, y) = \frac{d(x, y)}{1 + d(x, y)}, \quad \forall x, y \in X$$

Show that δ is a metric on X .

- b) Define compact subset in a metric space. Show that if A and B are compact then $A \cup B$ and $A \cap B$ are compact.
